ASSIGNMENT 5

Textbook Assignment: "Quarry Supervisor," "Crusher Supervisor," "Concrete Batch Plant Supervisor," and "Asphalt Plant Supervisor," pages 5-1 through 8-10.

Learning Objective: Recognize the classifications of pits and quarries and the types of material obtained from them.

- 5-1. In an NMCB, what company is responsible for the management of pit and quarry operations?
 - 1. Alfa
 - 2. Bravo
 - 3. Charlie
 - 4. Headquarters
- 5-2. Pits and quarries are classified based on which of the following factors?
 - Type of material contained within
 - Method used to excavate the material contained within
 - Method used to process the material taken from
 - 4. Each of the above
- 5-3. Which of the following is NOT a primary material obtained from a quarry?
 - 1. Granite
 - 2. Slag
 - 3. Gneiss
 - 4. Quartize
- 5-4. The crust of the earth consists of rock deposits geologists have classified into what three groups?
 - Sedimentary, igneous, and shale
 - Sedimentary, metamorphic, and alluvial
 - Igneous, metamorphic, and sedimentary
 - 4. Igneous, silica, and brick

- 5-5. The hardness of a rock is classified according to the resistance the rock has to crushing.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 5-6. Aggregates used in construction should be rated within what hardness range?
 - 1. Between 1 to 2
 - 2. Between 2 to 4
 - 3. Between 5 to 7
 - 4. Between 8 to 10
 - 5-7. What term identifies the range and distribution of particle sizes present in, or can be obtained from, a deposit?
 - 1. Sieve analysis
 - 2. Material fines
 - 3. Breakdown analysis
 - 4. Gradation
 - 5-8. What type of quarry material is not suitable for concrete aggregate?
 - 1. Granite
 - 2. Felsite-Rhyolite
 - 3. Basalt
 - 4. Gabbro-Diorite
 - 5-9. The portion of a soil sample retained on the No. 200 sieve is considered what type of aggregate?
 - 1. Coarse
 - 2. Medium
 - 3. Small
 - 4. Fine

- affect the compaction of soil?
 - 1. Material gradation
 - 2. Moisture content
 - 3. Compaction effort
 - 4. All of the above
- Optimum moisture content is 5-11. the amount of water in the soil 5-16. required to obtain maximum density.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False

Learning Objective: Recognize site preparation procedures and the operational processes of a pit or quarry.

- 5-12. What should you check before burning brush on a proposed pit or quarry site?
 - 1. Weather
 - 2. Type of fire extinguisher
 - 3. Requirement for a smoke permit
 - 4. Requirement for a burn permit
- 5-13. Overburden should be kept cleared at least how far back from the top of the face of a quarry?
 - 1. 50 feet
 - 2. 40 feet
 - 3. 25 feet
 - 4. 10 feet
- What is the maximum grade for a haul road designed for use by truck operations in a quarry?
 - 1. 5 percent
 - 2. 10 percent
 - 3. 15 percent
 - 4. 20 percent

- 5-10. Which of the following factors 5-15. A chute loading ramp should be constructed to support a minimum of how many tons of material?
 - 1. 5 tons
 - 2. 10 tons
 - 3. 15 tons
 - 20 tons
 - When a pusher-assisted scraper cannot load within 150 feet, you should use what equipment?
 - 1. An additional scraper
 - 2. An extra pusher
 - 3. A ripper tractor
 - 4. A front-end loader
 - 5-17. Which of the following quarries is a type commonly used by the military?
 - 1. Double bench
 - 2. Open faced
 - 3. Triple bench
 - 4. Closed faced
 - 5-18. What factor determines the layout of a quarry where the rock formation is jointed?
 - 1. The method of development
 - 2. The depth of overburden
 - 3. The direction of rock formation
 - 4. The lay of the strata
 - In the NCF, what is the 5-19. recommended bench height in a quarry?
 - 1. 10 feet
 - 2. 15 feet
 - 3. 20 feet
 - 4. 25 feet
 - In the NCF, what is the 5-20. recommended minimum width of a bench?
 - 1. 40 feet
 - 2. 50 feet
 - 3. 60 feet
 - 4. 70 feet

- 5-21. What person is responsible for ensuring operator maintenance is performed on quarry equipment?
 - 1. Operations chief
 - 2. Maintenance supervisor
 - 3. Maintenance field crew
 - 4. Quarry supervisor
- 5-22. What NAVFAC publication provides guidelines for wearfacing equipment parts?
 - 1. P-404
 - 2. P-433
 - 3. P-405
 - 4. P-300
- 5-23. Putting off maintenance to satisfy immediate production demands sets a good precedence and increases the life of the equipment.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 5-24. What is the NEC of a qualified blaster?
 - 1. 5710
 - 2. 5709
 - 3. 5708
 - 4. 5707

Learning Objective: Recognize the principles and methods of crusher operations.

- 5-25. What command directs the tasking of crusher operations for an NMCB?
 - 1. NAVFACENGCOM
 - 2. NAVCHAPGRU
 - 3. COMSECOND/COMTHIRDNCB
 - 4. COMNCFNCB
- 5-26. The classification of a crusher plant is based on what factor?
 - 1. Capacity output
 - 2. Weight of crusher unit
 - 3. Size jaws
 - 4. Area displacement

- 5-27. What is the function of the heavy-duty apron type of feeder?
 - Feeds material to the secondary unit
 - Sorts material before feeding the secondary unit
 - Feeds material to the primary unit
 - Sorts material before feeding the primary unit
- 5-28. What component of the primary unit prescreens material that is already down to the desired size?
 - 1. Vibrating screens
 - 2. Apron feeder
 - 3. Under crusher delivery conveyer
 - 4. Vibrating grizzly
- 5-29. In a rock crusher, what problem occurs when two rocks interlock and bridge the jaws open?
 - 1. Blocking
 - 2. Bridging
 - 3. Choking
 - 4. Packing
- 5-30. What factor determines the production setting for a dual roll crusher?
 - 1. The shell combination
 - 2. The speed setting
 - 3. The spacing between the rolls
 - 4. The hydroset control pressure
- 5-31. The fineness of the product being produced by a hydrocone crusher is adjusted by what action?
 - By raising or lowering the mantle
 - 2. By adjusting the feed spout
 - 3. By controlling the hydroset pressure
 - 4. By adjusting the concave ring

- 5-32. Material from the hydrocone crusher is recirculated to the top screen by what components?
 - The return conveyer and the revolving elevator wheel
 - The under conveyer and a drop chute
 - 3. The under conveyer and the revolving elevator wheel
 - 4. The return conveyer and a crossover chute
- 5-33. The desired performance of a specific screen is obtained by taking which of the following actions?
 - Varying the degree of inclination
 - Varying the frequency and amplitude of stroke
 - Varying the direction of throw
 - 4. All of the above
- 5-34. Which of the following is NOT a factor that affects the operational efficiency of a conveyer?
 - 1. Speed
 - 2. Length of travel
 - 3. Loading
 - 4. Incline
- 5-35. What factor determines the capacity of a washing and screening plant?
 - 1. Water pressure
 - 2. Speed of the dehydrator
 - Percent of sand in the deposit
 - 4. Capacity of the scrubber

Learning Objective: Recognize crusher supervisor responsibilities for developing the layout and erection of a crusher plant.

- 5-36. When you are developing a layout of a plant, special attention must be given to creating a logical flow of material.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
 - 5-37. Which of the following materials can contaminate open stockpiles of aggregate?
 - 1. Windblown sand
 - 2. Fines
 - 3. Trash
 - 4. All of the above
 - 5-38. When you are building stockpiles, which of the following pieces of equipment is more efficient because it can combine lift with push to build higher piles?
 - 1. Dozer
 - 2. Clamshell
 - 3. Loader
 - 4. Excavator
- 5-39. Which of the following physical characteristics should the site selected for the erection of a plant have?
 - 1. Flat
 - 2. Level
 - 3. Well compacted
 - 4. All of the above
 - 5-40. When torquing bolts and nuts on the plant, you do so by torquing the bolt head.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False

- 5-41. Of the following basic setups for a 75-tph crushing plant, which one should be used when the bulk of material from a gravel deposit is 3 inches in diameter or less?
 - 1. Jaw crusher
 - 2. Primary unit only
 - 3. Secondary unit only
 - 4. Primary and secondary units together
- 5-42. The entire quarry and rock production operation depends on improper and inadequate maintenance of equipment.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False

Learning Objective: Recognize the properties of and uses for various types of cement that a concrete batch plant supervisor works with.

- 5-43. The chemical reaction between cement and water that produces concrete is known by what term?
 - 1. Concrete
 - 2. Hydraulics
 - 3. Hydration
 - 4. Evaporation
- 5-44. What type of cement requires less protection from freezing and attains normal 3-day strength in 1 day?
 - 1. I
 - 2. II
 - 3. III
 - 4. IV
- 5-45. Aggregates used in concrete occupy what percentage of the mix by weight?
 - 1. Between 90% to 95%
 - 2. Between 70% to 85%
 - 3. Between 60% to 75%
 - 4. Between 50% to 55%

- Of the following basic setups for 5-46. Stockpiles for concrete aggregates a 75-tph crushing plant, which one should be used when the bulk of shape.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
 - 5-47. What condition results if the slope inside an overhead charging bin is less than 50 degrees?
 - Aggregates discharge too quickly
 - 2. The bottom aggregates absorb too much water
 - Aggregates segregate when discharged
 - 4. Aggregates combine too thickly
 - 5-48. What is the primary function of the water used in a concrete mix?
 - It wets the aggregates so the cement will bind
 - It starts the hardening process (hydration) of the cement
 - 3. It makes the mix workable
 - 4. It prevents the cement from curing too fast
 - 5-49. When an air-entraining agent is used at a site, it is added to what element of a cement mix?
 - 1. The aggregate for the mix
 - The concrete granules for the mix
 - 3. The water to be used in the $\min x$
 - 4. The cement to be used in the $\min x$
 - 5-50. Which of the following materials can be used to retard the set of a concrete mix?
 - 1. Borax
 - 2. Sugar
 - 3. Salt
 - 4. Each of the above

- 5-51. A total of how many cubic yards of concrete is required for a pad 60 feet in length, by 30 feet in width, with a depth of 4 inches and a waste factor of 10 percent?
 - 1. 24.2
 - 2. 22.0
 - 3. 59.4
 - 4. 65.3
- 5-52. Batching by volume provides greater accuracy and avoids problems created by the bulking of damp sand.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 5-53. When mixing concrete in a transit mixer, what is the maximum number of revolutions of the drum at mixing speed that you should use?
 - 1. 60
 - 2. 70
 - 3. 90
 - 4. 100
- 5-54. What is the minimum agitating speed on a transit mixer?
 - 1. 1 revolution per minute
 - 2. 2 revolutions per minute
 - 3. 3 revolutions per minute
 - 4. 4 revolutions per minute
- 5-55. Concrete that is kept agitated can generally be placed within what maximum time period after mixing?
 - 1. 3 1/2 hours
 - 2. 2 1/2 hours
 - 3. 1 1/2 hours
 - 4. 1/2 hour
- 5-56. On a mobile concrete mixer plant, the sand and aggregate are accurately proportioned according to what measurement(s)
 - 1. By cubic feet of material only
 - By cubic yards of material only
 - 3. By weight or by cubic feet
 - 4. By weight or by volume

- 5-57. You are conducting a slump test. Which of the following results indicate a poor mix?
 - 1. The concrete mix crumbles
 - 2. The concrete mix segregates
 - 3. The concrete mix falls apart
 - 4. Each of the above
- 5-58. When working around cement, you should pay particular attention to any rash on your skin because a rash may indicate cement poisoning.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False

Learning Objective: Describe the operations of an asphalt plant.

- 5-59. On a batch plant, the size of a batch varies according to the capacity of what component?
 - 1. The hopper
 - 2. The dryer
 - 3. The pugmill
 - 4. The screens
- 5-60. The proper amount of aggregates for asphalt mixes is initially controlled by a uniform flow of the aggregate through what component?
 - 1. Cold-feed adjustment
 - 2. Hot-feed adjustment
 - 3. Cold-bin capacity
 - 4. Hot-bin capacity
- 5-61. The overloading of the screens with aggregate underscores a need for control of what factor?
 - 1. Proper dryer control
 - 2. Proper weigh-hopper calibration
 - 3. Proper cold feeding
 - 4. Proper gradation control calibration

- 5-62. The grading of an individual cold aggregate is determined by taking what action?
 - Matching a sample of aggregate with a previous marked sample
 - 2. Running a sieve analysis
 - 3. Measuring the rate of aggregate to the fines
 - 4. Noting the progressive thickness of the fines
- 5-63. Which of the following factors control the time required for aggregate to pass through a dryer?
 - 1. The cylinder speed
 - 2. The slope of the cylinder
 - 3. The length, arrangements, and number of flights
 - 4. All of the above
- 5-64. When aggregate particles show signs of an oily coating after leaving the dryer, you should make what adjustment?
 - Decrease the amount of fuel
 - 2. Decrease blower or draft air pressure
 - 3. Increase the amount of fuel oil
 - 4. Increase the amount of natural gas
- 5-65. What factor controls the temperature of an asphalt mix?
 - 1. The temperature of the asphalt
 - 2. The temperature of the dryer
 - 3. The temperature of the aggregates
 - 4. The temperature of the pugmill
- 5-66. If not kept clean, which of the following components can be a serious cause of air pollution at an asphalt plant?
 - 1. Screens
 - 2. The dryer combustion unit
 - 3. The dryer
 - 4. The hopper

- 5-67. The Jet-Pulse system is used in an asphalt plant as a method to gain what result?
 - Production of pulses of heat to keep aggregate hot
 - Production of suction pulses to control dust
 - Production of a pulse of pressure within a filter bag to dislodge "dust cake"
 - 4. A method that produces a stream of hot asphalt onto aggregates
- 5-68. What factors determine the amount of dust from the dust collector that can be returned to the plant?
 - 1. Moisture content
 - Degree of suspension efficiency
 - 3. Mix specification
 - 4. Separate grading of the finish mix
- 5-69. In the gradation control unit, which of the following screens is used as a scalping screen?
 - 1. Top screen
 - 2. Top intermediate screen
 - 3. Bottom intermediate screen
 - 4. Bottom screen
- 5-70. As associated with the gradation control unit, what does the term "carry-over" mean?
 - Larger aggregates are misdirected to smaller aggregate bins
 - Rejected aggregates are "carried-over" to a discharge chute
 - Smaller aggregates are misdirected into the larger aggregate bins
 - Improperly heated aggregates are reheated

- 5-71. Bin partitions should have which of the following properties to prevent intermingling of the aggregates within the hot bins?
 - 1. Be tight fitting
 - 2. Be free of holes
 - 3. Be of sufficient height
 - 4. All of the above
- 5-72. In a continuous-flow plant, a sample of hot aggregate should be obtained from which of the following locations?
 - 1. Scalping screens
 - 2. Overflow vents
 - 3. Feeder gates
 - 4. Dryer
- 5-73. What function does the vertical slot in the asphalt return line serve in asphalt heating and circulation?
 - 1. It breaks the vacuum in the line upon reversing the pump
 - It allows for circulation of asphalt through the feeding and storage system
 - 3. It prevents oxidation of the asphalt
 - 4. It provides a means of sampling asphalt

- 5-74. The temperature of the asphalt controls the temperature of an asphalt and aggregate mixture.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 5-75. As part of an asphalt mix design, what is the purpose of the mineral filler?
 - To increase the weight of intermediate aggregate
 - To decrease the curing time of the asphalt mix
 - To increase the workability of the asphalt mix
 - 4. To fill in the voids of the aggregates